Unit Plan: Which material is best? (6 weeks)									
Rationale									
• To understand and explain everyday materials. To draw scientific conclusions. To discuss personal opinions and have reasons for their opinions.									
Core Texts	Key Fig	jures	Enric	hment					
The Three Little Pigs	Charles Macintosh	-	School environment around school Written • Create a new include in ov • Scientist Stu • Science Inve	: Material Hunt outcomes w character and wn version of story dy – Factfile estigation: Write up					
Science unit	RE unit	Oracy	Cross curr	icular Links					
Everyday materials	•	•	• D&T	SciencePSHE					

Lesson	Learning Challenge	Outcome	Adaptive teaching	Bubble Bee Room	Flashbacks
1. Science	Can I name and explore materials?	Twitter Tuff trays - different materials. Magnifying glasses. Vocab cards Pic collage for everyone of them exploring materials.	Vocab cards with the words metal, wood, plastic, glass, rock, fabric, rubber, liquid with a real image Encouraging talk. Speech bubbles capturing their comments. How does it feel? Cold, warm, hard, soft, smooth, rough, shiny, dull. Print on coloured paper.	Vocab cards with the words metal, wood, plastic, glass, rock, fabric, rubber, liquid with a real image Encouraging talk. Speech bubbles capturing their comments.	Day and night Image of Earth which side is day which is night. How do you know?
2. Science	Can I say where materials come from?	Where do materials come from? Wood - trees Metals - in the ground Plastic - man-made Glass - sand heated Rubber - tree Wool - sheep Silk - silk bug Cotton - plant Show videos. Cut and stick to match where it comes from. Table - tree. Glass window - sand. Challenge: Write a sentence e.g Glass comes from	Somethings come out of the ground - metals and rocks. Look at rocks. Materials come from - wool - sheep. Wood and trees. Cut and stick items to where they come from. Less materials. Promote discussion.	Explore how the materials feel and personal preferences. Do they like the feel of rough materials - bark, brick, sponge top. Soft things - cotton wall ect.	Materials they look at yesterday - what were they called? Plastic, ect.
3. Science	Can I name and group materials I have found?	Go for a material hunt around school to find 6 items. 1. Climbing frame - metal 2. Pond - wood 3. Tyres - rubber 4. Water bottles - plastic	Group led with adult. Matching image with word. How do you know?	Show a material - can they find that in the room? Metal - table legs.	Mini quiz - Where does wool come from? Where does wood come from? Ect. Matching activity on the board.

		5. Coats - fabric 6. Rocks - rock Challenge - find something made of 2 and then 3 materials?			
4. Science	Can I name and group materials?	Get the children to sort and group materials how they like. Lots of materials get chn to suggest how to sort them. Small/ big hard/soft bendy/non-bendy see through/not see through Challenge - Venn diagram LA/MA - Sort images into groups. A3 paper -2 circles - images to put in.	2 hoops - make it a game. Lots of materials Chn sort them Hard/soft Rough/ smooth Big/ small Shiny/dull Take photos	Hoops and physical objects using opposing properties. Eg hard/soft Rough/ smooth	Vocab - Cold, warm, hard, soft, smooth, rough, shiny, dull, bendy, see through.
5. Science	Can I say what transparent and non- transparent is?	Teach what transparent and non- transparent means. See thorough, not see through Clear not clear LA/MA - do as a class. Pass around the items and get them saying the vocab. Why are things transparent and not? HA - group them on their tables Write a sentence next to each picture to say if they are transparent or not. Plenary - house. Would a transparent house be good? Why? Challenge: Windows, curtains.	Circle time. In the quiet room Pass the item around Can you see through it? Go on a walk to find transparent and not Why are they see through?	Explore things that are transparent and are not transparent. Consolidate the previous learning of naming materials.	What is light and dark?
6. Science	Can you compare the properties of glass and rock? Can I understand the strengths and	What is glass? What is rock? Glass in a tray - rock in a tray. Picture of glass and rock in their books. Children to	Same but in group. Explore the materials. Adult create the mind map with their suggestions What things are the same?		Discuss the seasons and how that links to the type of house we need.

	weaknesses of	mind map around it the	What things are different?	
	materials	properties Word bank	Which house would you pick	
	marer lale.	created together on the	image for them to circle?	
		board	Stone house and alass house	
		HA - rock and alass are the	lego man Which is the better	
		some because	house? Water over it break it	
		Pock is different to class	shine a light inside	
		because	Plenary Why did they chose	
		Glass is different to pack	that ana?	
		because	mar oner	
		A/Ma = W/hat is the same 2		
		What is different?		
		Plenary: Stone house and		
		glass house lego man. Which		
		is the better house? Water		
		over it, break it, shine a		
		light inside.		
		Bubble: Do you think the		
		house should be made out of		
		rock or glass? Why?		
7. Science	Can you compare the	What is fabric? What is	Look at fabric and wood.	Which was the better house?
	properties of fabric	wood? Wood in a tray -	Discuss the properties.	Why?
	and wood?	fabric in a tray.	Make a group mind map.	
		Picture of wood and fabric		
	Can I understand the	in their books. Children to	Test out the tent and shed.	
	strengths and	mind map around it the	Which makes a better house?	
	weaknesses of	properties. Word bank	Light – is it transparent?	
	materials?	created together on the	Waterproof	
		board.	Cold/hot	
		What would each be good		
		for making? Why?		
		LA/Ma – list of things:		
		trousers, furniture, kite,		
		tent, coat, table, shed, toys,		
		fence, bench,		
		HA - less items but explain		
		why.		
		Plenary - Tent and shed -		
		which makes a better		
		house?		

		Water can on it, shake it, light, what's the temperature like in there? Bubble – which makes a better. Tent or shed. Why?		
8. Science	Can you compare the properties of metal and plastic? Can I understand the strengths and weaknesses of materials	What is metal? What is plastic? Why should we all change to metal water bottles? (twitter) Which material makes the best bottle? Testing - strength, transparent, light, heavy, recyclable. Design a metal water bottle - label with properties. Use tin foil to collage their poster. Why is it a better bottle. Strong, better for the environment. Word bank for LA Back the posters to look good. Take a picture of them with poster. Stick up around the school.	Predict - which bottle is the strongest? Practical - test out metal and plastic bottles. Discuss properties. Create a big poster together using foil to make the metal. Group effort.	David Attenborough. Images of plastic pollution – why is plastic bad?
9. Science	Can I explain how Charles Mackintosh invented the waterproof material?	What came before? What did he invent? How did he invent it? What came next? What do you think could happen next?	Who is Charles Mackintosh? What did he invent? Why? Watch the video and discuss. Adult scribe	Materials which came first.
10. Science	Can I test waterproof and non- water proof materials?	Books create a sheet where pupils can predict which materials will/ won't be WP. HA - write LA - tick box of materials. Picollage the method.	Same within a group. Big Shared one.	Mini quiz - Who is Charles Mackintosh? Facts.

		- Children to put different		
		materials around their shoes		
		and the children to jump		
		into puddle. Simple chart		
		with ticks and crosses.		
		HA - My material was		
		waterproof because.		
		Draw a picture of their		
		shoe. MA/LA - pictures of		
		materials down the side. Ask		
		parents to bring in an extra		
		pair of socks and carrier		
		bag. Tin foil, lolly sticks		
		stuck to the bottom of a		
		shoe. Paper and plastic bag.		
		Cling film, socks, tin foil,		
		_		
		Conclusion: Which one was		
		and wasn't waterproof?		
11. D and T	Can I design a model	Book - Purpose: New pig	Same but as a group.	Read the three little pigs.
	for the 4 th pigs	needs a safe house to live in.		Introduce a new pig - 4 th pig.
	house?	It must protect her from		
		the wolf.		
		- Strong		
		- Waterproof		
		Materials children will look		
		at. Design of house given -		
		children to label their house		
		with material of their		
		choice and why?		
12. D and T	Can I make a house?	Make the house using their		
		chosen material.		
13. D and T	Can I evaluate?	Test their house? Was it		
		strong? Was it waterproof?		
14. D and T	Can I record my	Reply to the 4 th pig telling		
	results?	her what you did.		
18 D&T	Can I create a simple	Can you make a moveable	Support with cutting and	Read alternative stories for 3
	mechanism (split pin	character to use in your	making the holes.	little pigs.
	pig)	story?	_	· -

		Explore - how can you attach the parts to make them move. As a class, use glue, blue tac, sellotope, spilt pins. Which was the best? Why? - Cut out parts of the pig - Make the holes safely - Attach the split pin - Split the pin - Use the pigs / wolf Act out the story.		
19. D & T	Can I evaluate my mechanism?	Why were the other attachments ways not good? Image of their pig with them. Why is the split pin the best mechanism? Act out the story.	Group evaluation. Scribe answers.	Seasons.
20 PSHE	Can I recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, right and wrong?	Circle time/ twitter - feeling rugs/ happy and sad faces to show emotions.	In class.	